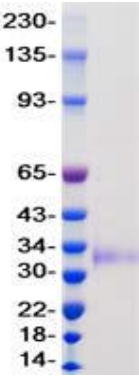




## PRODUCT DATASHEET

<b>Catalog No:</b>	LTP-V009, 50ug	LTP-V009, 100µg
<b>Pack Size</b>	50 µg	100µg
<b>Product Name:</b>	2019 Coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 Spike S1 RBD Protein, human IgG1 Fc tag.	
<b>Description:</b>	Recombinant protein from the receptor-binding domain (RBD) of 2019 Spike S1 of Wuhan pneumonia virus SARS-CoV-2, polyhistidine tag.	
<b>Species:</b>	2019-nCoV, SARS-CoV-2	
<b>Sequence:</b>	The amino acid sequences of recombinant protein was derived from accession# YP_009724390.1	
<b>Accession No.:</b>	YP_009724390.1	
<b>Tag:</b>	C-terminal His-Tag	
<b>Host:</b>	Expressed and purified from in vitro cell culture of HEK293 cells.	
<b>Applications:</b>	Antigens, Western, ELISA and other in vitro binding or in vivo functional assays, and protein-protein interaction studies	
<b>Purity:</b>	>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie Blue staining.	

<p><b>Predicted Molecular Mass:</b></p>	 <p>Predicted MW of this product is ~ 29.5 kDa. However, it runs higher in SDS-PAGE under the reduced condition due to the post-translational modification in the recombinant expression.</p>
<p><b>Formulation:</b></p>	<p>Purified protein formulated in a sterile solution of PBS buffer, pH 7.2.</p>
<p><b>Endotoxin:</b></p>	<p>Endotoxin level is &lt; 0.1 ng/μg of protein (&lt;1.0 EU/μg purified protein) (LAL test)</p>
<p><b>Shipping, Storage and Stability:</b></p>	<p>The product is shipped with dry ice. Upon receipt, unopened vial can be stored at -80°C for over 12 months. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Also, the product can be aliquoted in the smaller size of working aliquots with the desired buffer and concentration and stored at or below -20°C stable for 3 to 4 weeks.</p>

Background:

The coronavirus Spike protein (S) is a large oligomeric transmembrane protein that mediates coronavirus entry into host cells. It contains S1 and S2 two subunits. Spike S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD) that recognizes a variety of host cell surface receptors. S2 contains basic elements responsible for the membrane fusion. The coronavirus first binds to a receptor on the host cell surface through Spike S1 subunit, and then fuses viral and host membranes through Spike S2 subunit.

FOR RESEARCH LABORATORY TEST USE ONLY!